

EMERGING THEMES FROM THE COMMUNITY PROFILE

1. Health & Wellbeing: Obesity levels in children by year 6.
2. Health & Wellbeing: Obesity and activity levels in adults particularly with underlying health conditions
- 3. Children in Poverty: Particularly Food / Energy / Unemployed households.**
4. Crime: Particularly Violence and Sexual Offences.
5. Employment: Particularly low paid work.
6. Education: Particularly key stage 3.

EVIDENCE & INTERVENTION:

3. Children in Poverty: Food and fuel poverty and unemployed households

Statistics: Whilst our community performs strongly against Yorkshire and Humber averages for Economic Activity (those people who are actively in work) the industries in which they are working are often low paid. Conversely our community also has a higher than Yorkshire & Humber average of children living in unemployed households, where no adult is economically active.

Evidence such as the LSOP's which cover the HAVA area being in the 10% most deprived communities also add to the picture which is emerging that we have a significant proportion of our community working yet still living in poverty. The Department for Energy & Climate Change (2016) found that 16% of our community live in fuel poverty.

Economy: Economic Activity

The data below shows the number and proportion of residents (16-74) who are economically active. These figures do not add up to all those economically active as it excludes those economically active who are unemployed or full time students.

Measure	No. of people	% of HAVA Area	Y&H Average %
Economically active	2154	72.4	68.4
Full-time employees	1190	40	37
Part-time employees	446	15	14.6
Self-employed people	176	5.9	8.4
Economically inactive	821	27.6	31.6

Vulnerable Groups: Children

Measure	No. of Children	% of HAVA Area	Y&H Average %
Children in 'Out of Work households (2016)	205	24.8	16.8
Children in Poverty (2015)	245	27.6	19

Vulnerable Groups: Deprived Areas

The UK is split into small Local Super Output areas (LSOA). These roughly follow Postcode areas but cover 1500 people. These are ranked 1- 32,844. 1 being the most deprived area in the UK and 32,844 being the least deprived. These were listed in 2015 and updated in 2019. There are 3 which each cover parts of the HAVA area.

LSOA	Ranking 2019	Ranking 2015	Position %
LS033G	1585	1346	10% Most Deprived
LS033A	284	1947	10% Most Deprived
LS033B	1172	8861	10% Most Deprived

Economy: Income & fuel poverty (ONS 2015/16)

Measure	HAVA Average £	Y&H Average £
Annual household income	30400	36542
Annual household income after housing costs	19900	23946

Economy: Fuel poverty (Dept for Energy & Climate change 2016)

Measure	No. of HAVA Households	% of HAVA	% Y&H
Households living in fuel poverty	290	16	12.1

Community Opportunities Currently available: (Debbie's findings)

Anecdotal Evidence: . It is well established that Children thrive when given a routine - a settled, warm home, regular schooling, strong family, good diet. The number of families in our community accessing the Foodbank is indicative of the importance of these services to supplement the basic household income. Over recent years we have been unable to work with Hawksworth Wood Primary School due to resistance from the Senior Leadership. We propose that we work with the new Leadership of the school (in post after Easter 2020) to identify children on free school meals to further identify the breadth of poverty faced by families in the community.

Suggested targeted HAVA Intervention:

1. Sign posting of existing energy efficiency schemes run by the Local Authority to our community.
2. Sign posting of help to pay schemes by energy providers
3. Set up a PTA with the School and Children's Centre and gather evidence of poverty and to gauge what actions they feel would be beneficial
4. Work with the FoodBank and the School to set up a 'Back Pack Buddy' scheme for families living in food poverty.
5. Work with the Children's Centre, School, YMCA, Foodbank to become referrees for charities such as Zarach who deliver 'bed bundles' (new bed/ mattress/ duvet pillows and other goods) to children who don't have their own bed at home.
6. Work with the School & Children's Centre to develop a subsidised breakfast and afterschool club to ensure all pupils have access to breakfast before beginning school and a snack after school.
7. Utilise the community willingness through the Covid-19 restrictions to develop community vegetable gardens. Using ecopods in people's garden. Teach our community how to grow fresh healthy vegetables at home.
8. Encourage the school to adopt item 7 above and introduce it in to the school.
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